

Croxby Primary Academy

Year 5/6: Maths

Term	Definition	Example	
Factor	A number that divides exactly in	Factors of 12 = 1, 2, 3,	
	to another number	4, 6, 12	
Common factor	Factors of two numbers that are	Common factors of 8	
	the same	and 12 = 1, 2, 4	
Prime number	A number with only 2 factors: 1	2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19	
	and itself.		
Composite number	A number with more than two	12 (it has 6 factors)	
	factors		
Prime factor	A factor that is prime	Prime factors of $12 = 2$,	
		3	
Multiple	A number in another number's	Multiples of $9 = 9, 18,$	
	times table	27, 36	
Common multiple	Multiples of 2 numbers that are	Common multiples of 4	
	the same	and 6 = 12, 24…	
Square numbers	A result when a number has	$25(5^2 = 5 \times 5)$	
	been multiplied by itself	$49(7^2 = 7 \times 7)$	
Cube numbers	The result when a number has	$8(2^3 = 2 \times 2 \times 2)$	
	been multiplied by itself 3 times.	$27 (3^3 = 3 \times 3 \times 3)$	

Roman Numerals						
I	V	Х	L	С	D	М
1	5	10	50	100	500	1000
VII	XIX	XLVII	LXVI	IC	DCCLVI	MMCLXIV
7	19	47	66	99	756	2164

shape with straight

sides/angles are the

sides and all



Co-ordinates Read co-ordinates along the x axis (horizontal) first, then the y axis (vertical) E.g. (3, -4) = go right 3, down 4.

The mean
The mean is a type of
average. To find the mean,
add up all the numbers and
divide by how many there are
E.g. the mean of 4, 5, 3, 4 is 4.
(because 4 + 5 + 3 + 4 = 16,
and $16 \div 4 = 4$)

360°

180°

<90°

>90°

>180

180°

180°

90°

Angles

Full turn

Half turn

Right angle

Acute angle

Obtuse angle

Reflex angle

Straight line

Angles inside a triangle

Measures conversions			
3 ½ cm	35 mm		
1.09 m	109 cm		
3.07 km	3070 m		
1 mile	1.6 km		
1 km	0.625 km		
	(3/8 mile)		
1 inch	2.5 cm		
1 foot	30cm		
5 miles	8 km		
0.902 L	902 ml		
1 pint	570 ml		
1 gallon	4.5 L		
1.75 pints	1 L		
0.08 kg	80 g		
1 pound	450 g		
2.2 pounds	1 kg		
1 stone	6.3 kg		

Fractions, decimals and percentages							
1/100	0.01	1%	÷100				
1/20	0.05	5%	÷ 20				
1/10	0.1	10%	÷ 10				
1/5	0.2	20%	÷5				
1⁄4	0.25	25%	÷ 4				
1/2	0.5	50%	÷2				
3⁄4	0.75	75%	÷4, x 3				
1	1	100%	÷ 1				



LENGTH

Area The amount of space inside a 2D shape. Usually measured in cm² or m². Area of a triangle = (base x height) $\div 2$ Area of a = base x height parallelogram Perimeter Perimeter = measure around the edge (circumference = perimeter of a circle) Parts of a circle diameter (= radiu

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office@croxbyprimary.co.uk www.croxbyprimary.co.uk Twitter: @CroxbyPrimary

Bricknell Avenue, Hull

East Yorkshire, HU5 4TN

Telephone: 01482 846171

same. Irregular polygon Sides/angles are not the same. Types of triangle equilateral isosceles scalene Types of quadrilateral parallelogram trapezium rhombus

2D shapes

Regular polygon